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BAGLEY & McKINNEY,
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THE DEMOCRAT.

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TOM ANDREWS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
MONEY TO LOAN
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE FURNISHED
McKINNEY, TEXAS.

VOL. 9 M'KINNEY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2 1893. NO 3[illegible]

It has no Equal for the Money,
L. PHILIPSON, Dallas, Texas,
Sole Proprietor.

WE TRY IT AGAIN!

We are now located

in our

New Three Story

Building,

South-East Cor. Square,

Where we were located at time of our fire,

(on Aug. 8,) and invite

ONE and ALL

—TO—

Call and See Us.

ARKLEY, HARRIS & RHEA

L. Burton, Jr. M. D. E. L. Burton, Sr., M. D.

DR'S. BURTON & BURTON,

SPECIALISTS!

have associated themselves together and limit their practice exclusively to
ases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE, MOUTH AND THROAT, DISEASES OF
MEN, GENITO URINARY, RECTAL DISEASES AND SURGERY.
r. E. L. Burton, Jr's., practice for the past year in McKinney and surround-
country speaks for itself. He has had unparalled success, for which his pa-
ts will vouch.
it of a record of over three hundred surgical operations, minor and major,
e has not been a single failure.
e success of all this not only depends on being a skilful operator, but a
ysitician of wonderfully accute perception.
disease we have a pathological alteration, or such a change as to produce a
bid or abnormal condition of the parts.
e first and most important of all factors in the treatment of disease is prop-
iagnosis. Next such Therapeutic measures as can be brought to bear that
remove the cause.
have been offered hundreds of testimonials by former patients cured; but
ed to publish any of them for that is not my policy.
e have a positive Cure for Piles, cured in a few days without pain, or de-
ion from business. No cautery, knife or ligature.
RETHAL STRICTURE, and all private diseases are treated by the latest
most approved methods. (strictly confidential.)
ISEASES OF WOMEN treated skilfully and successfully by approved meth-

r. E. L. Burton, Sr., will give his attention to this department, having had a
amount of practical experience.
partial list of operations for the past year will be given in the following
e:

Operations.	No. Oper.	Males.	Females.	Suc.	Unsuc
Abismus (cross eyes.)	28	9	19	28	.....
Staropion	6	5	1	6	.....
Pterygium	21	16	5	21	Imp.
Cataract	4	3	1	3	1
Plastic operations,	13	8	5	13	Relief
Remove Foreign	9	9	.....	8	1
Cur Lip	7	6	1	7	.....
Plastic operation for nose	1	1	.....	1	.....
Nasal Polypi	5	4	1	5	.....
Exostosis.	27	21	6	27	.....
Epithelioma, (form of Cancer)	14	4	.....	4	.....
Removal of Tonsil	2	8	4	12	.....
Aural Polypi	13	2	1	3	.....
Tympani (Ear Drum)	6	11	5	16	.....
Glottis Eppi (Odema)	32	2	.....	2	.....
Urethral Stricture	21	31	.....	31	.....
Hemorrhoids	2	18	4	22	.....
Enlarged Prostate	33	3	.....	3	.....
Uteri (womb)	2	.....	32	32	.....
Stone in bladder	1	1	.....	1	.....
Necrosis of Tibia	3	3	.....	3	.....
Lupus	24	24	.....	24	.....
Abscesses	33	28	5	33	.....
Amputations	3	2	1	3	.....

This embraces only a part of the successful surgical practice of the year.
have done all in my power to relieve those so unfortunate as to be afflicted,
ing under my care.
feel as though my past years labors have not been in vain.
My only desire is to be ever upright and honorable to all.
Now, as my practice has assumed such proportions, I have called my father in
a co-operator, and he will devote his whole attention to DISEASES OF WO-
ETC., while I will continue as usual.
Consultation free. All correspondence answered the day received.
DRS. BURTON & BURTON, McKinney, Tex.
Office N. E. Cor. Square. Hours 9-12 a. m. Hours 1:30-6 p. m.

TEXAS LEGISLATURE.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE TWENTY-THIRD SESSION.

Local Option Bill Discussed by the Senate and Ordered Engrossed—The Appointments Sent in by the Governor Were Confirmed—Mills Re-elected.

Monday

THE HOUSE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 23.—A number of petitions were presented including protests from the people of Pecos and Uvalde against creating a new county out of their territory. Among the more important bills introduced were:

Mr. Henderson of Lamar—Creating the office of public cotton weigher; also a joint resolution amending article 3, section 20 of the constitution and punish the planters of Johnson grass.

Mr. McElwee—Punishing cruelty to animals.

Mr. Townsend—Making hog theft a felony with two to four years' penalty. Engrossed.

The anti-option resolution instructing Coke and Mills and representatives to support the Hatch bill came up as a special order at 11:30.

Speeches were made by Slayden of Bexar, against, and by Morrison of Hamilton and others for.

THE SENATE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 23.—Mr. Baldwin—A petition from Scurry county, asking a reduction of interest on school land purchases to $5 per section.

Mr. Baldwin—Making notes and bonds belonging to nonresident land owners subject to taxation.

Mr. Baldwin—A petition from Callahan county, asking for an additional supreme judicial district and for the location of one of the courts of civil appeals at Abilene.

Mr. Kearby—Establishing a census bureau.

A resolution by Imboden instructing Coke and Mills to vote on the Hatch bill as they think best.

Tuesday.

THE HOUSE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 24.—In the house petitions and protests were introduced as follows:

Sterling county asks for a slice of the territory of Tom Green county.

The following bills and resolutions were introduced:

Mr. Golden—To establish a bureau of labor statistics.

Messrs. Golden and Rogan—To provide for the amicable adjustment of differences between employers and employes.

Mr. Lloyd—To establish a state board of health. Handed in by request.

Mr. Calhoun—Resolution to instruct the attorney general to bring suits in conformity with statements in the governor's message to squeeze the water out of $450,000,000 of Texas railroad stocks and bonds.

Mr. Sherrill moved to refer the resolution.

Mr. Calhoun said: "According to the governor we are being robbed and fleeced, and now when the proposition is made to protect the people you want to kill it."

The motion to refer was adopted.

THE SENATE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 24.—It was one minute past 10 when President Crane called the senate to order.

Senator Agnew's bill, providing that the governor shall appoint special county judges where such officers are disqualified, was taken up on its second reading. The bill, with one or two amendments, passed under suspension of the rules.

Senator Tips' bill authorizing the penitentiary board to purchase agricultural lands for the purpose of utilizing convict labor on state farms, the funds therefor to be borrowed from the public school fund, was next taken up and ordered engrossed.

Mills Re-elected.

AUSTIN, Jan. 24.—Roger Q. Mills was elected senator by the legislature, yesterday, over T. L. Nugent, Populist, by a vote of 143 to 9.

Wednesday.

THE HOUSE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 25.—In the house the bill to require the secretary of state to copyright the bill which embraces the codification of the statutes as printed by Clark & Courts was submitted on third reading and after much discussion was passed.

Mr. Dills' resolution to authorize the committee on privileges and elections to send for persons, papers and ballot boxes was adopted.

Mr. Dodd presented a protest against the restoration of jurisdiction of Marion county court.

The following bills and resolutions were introduced:

Mr. Erskine—To provide for the disposition of the public domain and such lands as may be recovered from individuals and corporations.

The senate resolution requiring the visiting committees to visit the medical branch of the university at Galveston, and state orphans' home at Corsicana was adopted.

THE SENATE.

AUSTIN, Jan 25.—The senate met at 10 o'clock and heard the chaplain pray.

The senate bill amending the civil statue authorizing a justice of the peace to try forcible entry and detainer cases, if neither party demands a jury, was ordered engrossed, and under suspension of the rules the bill was passed.

The special order, Senator Bowser's bill extending charters of railroads which have failed to comply with their charter, was taken up and Senator Bowser explained the objects of the bill.

The bill was amended so that it applies to all charters granted since 1887. The bill was then ordered engrossed and under suspension of the rules passed.

The bill providing for the payment of salaries of judges of the courts of civil appeals was considered and ordered engrossed.

Thursday.

THE HOUSE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 26.—After the chaplain's prayer the reading of the journal was commenced and stopped by a motion of Senator Goss.

Senator McKinney presented a petition from members of the bar of Falls county against the creation of the Fifty-fourth judicial district in McLennan county.

The following bills were introduced:

Mr. Lawhon—Giving a lien on animals to the owners of pastures.

The senate bill putting into effect the constitutional amendment providing for local option elections in any subdivision of a county, was called up on its third reading and passed.

The senate bill making it a felony to discharge firearms into any house was called up on its third reading and passed.

The house bill relating to the taking of depositions passed to its third reading.

The house bill providing for the payment of mileage and per diem for presidential electors passed to its third reading and under suspension of the rules passed.

THE SENATE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 26.—A flood of petitions by school teachers and citizens asking various changes in the school laws were presented.

Mr. Beal introduced a petition from the citizens of Ellis county asking for an appropriation to have Texas represented at the World's Columbian exposition.

Mr. Brown presented a petition of the citizens of McCulloch county against cutting off territory of that county to make the new county of Reagan.

Mr. Cunningham—To reduce the bounty to $1 for scalps of wolves, lions, tigers and leopards, which is now $5.

Mr. Pickett—Constitutional amendment allowing $5 per diem to members of the legislature, regular session, for the first 100 days of such session.

House bill increasing the punishment for hog stealing was amended.

Mr. Fields, adding sheep to cattle in the clause fixing the penalty for cattle stealing and the bill passed the house.

Friday.

THE HOUSE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 27.—The house took up the bill to require publication of sales under execution in some newspaper in the county on second reading, and after some discussion it passed to third reading.

Memorials were introduced for the relief of Mrs. Elizabeth Ogden, widow of a veteran; for the purchase of the San Jacinto battle ground; asking laws to rescue young girls from the custody of improper persons; asking a state normal school at Liberty Hill.

The resolution offered by Mr. Smith of Smith advising cotton planters that it would be wise to reduce the area in cotton for the crop for 1893 was referred to the committee on agriculture.

Mr. Dashiell offered the following resolution:

Whereas, the Hon. James G. Blaine has been called from time to eternity, therefore, be it

Resolved by the twenty-third legislature of Texas that in the death of the Hon. James G. Blaine the nation has lost a citizen of commanding ability and the people of the south a true and sincere friend.

Resolved, that these resolutions be placed in the journals of the house and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased.

Mr. Ballowe introduced a joint resolution requesting congress to appropriate $100,000 for a survey of the Brazos river between Waco and Columbia.

THE SENATE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 27.—The senate came to order promptly at 10 o'clock and listened to the prayer of the chaplain.

The following bills and resolutions were introduced:—

Mr. Cranford—For the relief of Sheriff C. C. Dupree of Franklin county.

Mr. McComb—Resolution providing for the printing of 200 copies of the rules, etc.

Mr. Goss—Defining the Territory and to provide for establishing the boundaries of cities and towns and vilidate the incorporations of cities and towns in certain cases.

The senate bill creating the Fifty-fourth judicial district in McLennan county was called up on its second reading, and under suspension of the rules, the bill passed.

The house bill, relating to the taking of depositions, was ordered engrossed.

The bill for the relief of J. W. Batchelor passed.

The bills providing for the payment of salaries of the judges of the higher courts were passed.

Senator McComb offered a resolution expressing regret at the death of Hon. James G. Blaine and Mr. Imboden offered a substitute which included Mr. Lamar in the resolution. It was unanimously adopted.

Saturday.

THE HOUSE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 28.—In the house about an hour was consumed in first increasing the pay of the house night watchman, then in abolishing his office, and in abolishing the office of assistant postmaster and then creating an assistant who should furnish a wagon and team to haul the mails.

The motion to have printed house bill providing equity of redemption for lands sold under mortgage or deed of trust was adopted.

A resolution was adopted requiring the doorkeeper and assistant and sergeant-at-arms to watch the house and prevent petty thieving.

The following bills and resolutions were introduced:

Mr. Dean—Concurrent resolution to request Texas congressmen to vote against the Nicaraugua canal bill and to formulate and vote for a bill authorizing the general government to construct a canal to connect the Gulf of Mexico with the Pacific ocean.

Mr. Russell—To extend the time within which lands sold to the state for taxes may be redeemed.

Mr. Calhoun—Concurrent resolution instructing Texas senators and congressmen to introduce and support a bill to require the issue of treasury notes to pay pensions and impose an income tax, payable in gold, to redeem the notes.

Mr. Fields moved to postpone the resolution and make it a special order for April 10. Carried.

Special bills being the special Saturday order, the house bill to restore jurisdiction of the Marion county court passed under suspension of the rules.

House bill granting rights and privileges to the Waco Dam company passed to engrossment.

House bill to diminish the jurisdiction of the Dimmit county court passed under a suspension of the rules.

House bill to create the Fifty-fifth judicial district passed the house under suspension of the rules.

It gives Grayson county a separate district court and Grayson and Collin a district court.

House bill to diminish the jurisdiction of the county court of Webb county passed under suspension of the rules.

THE SENATE.

AUSTIN, Jan. 28.—President Pro Tem Kearby called the senate to order.

Mr. Goss presented a petition from citizens of Baylor county asking that a law be passed permitting subvendees to have their lands patented where the original purchaser has not paid for the entire section.

Mr. Pressler presented a petition from citizens of the proposed county of Reagan protesting against the creation of that county.

Senator Bowser presented a minority report from the committee on education in favor of the establishment of an agricultural and mechanical college in the black land district of Texas.

The following bills and resolutions were introduced:

Mr. Swayne—Providing that where an organized county has less than 150 qualified voters the same shall forfeit its organization.

The bill giving a separate court to Grayson county was called up and passed under suspension of the rules.

By unanimous consent Senator Baldwin introduced a bill to validate and legalize the appointment by councils in certain cities and towns of boards of trustees and to legalize the act of such boards.

Senator Pressler's concurrent resolution memorializing congress to establish a harbor of refuge at the entrance to Florida straits, through which Texas commerce passes, was called up and pending discussion the senate adjourned.

REVOLUTION IN HAWAII.

The Queen Dethroned and Annexation to the United States Asked.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The steamer Claudine arrived in this port from the Hawaiian Islands, bringing the important news of a revolution in that kingdom. The provisional government has been established by an uprising of the people, Queen Liliuokalani has been deposed from power, the monarchy abrogated, the government buildings seized and a new provisional ministry composed of four members sustained by the bayonets of volunteers.

Official Notification.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Mott Smith, Hawaiian minister, has received an official dispatch to the effect that the Hawaiian government has been overthrown and that commissioners from the new government are on their way to Washington from San Francisco to ask that Hawaii be annexed to the United States. Mr. Smith is now at the state department waiting to advise the secretary of state of information he has received. The state and navy departments have been officially informed of the resolution.

Not a "Fast Black."

CANTON, Miss., Jan. 30.—Quite a strange freak in the form of a woman appeared on the streets here and attracted attention. She has perfectly white, fair hands and short kinky hair with features of a negro. When interviewed the woman said she was born black and remained so until she was 15 years old, when she turned suddenly white, remaining so for one year, when she turned suddenly black again. Since that time she is alternately white and black, not alone in spots, but changes color entirely. She is fairly intelligent and says she has never had a spell of sickness and has never taken a dose of medicine. She lives near Sallis station on the Canton and Aberdeen road.

Michael Dunlon's Serious Mistake.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—In going home late at night Michael Dunlon, of Belleville, made mistakes so often that he marked his house by putting a white-washed bowlder in front of his door. One night recently somebody who knew his failing, moved the stone to the front of Mrs. Clarendon's house next door. The style or architecture is just the same and Dunlon found the door unlocked, went up to his room, as he supposed, and began to disrobe. In a moment Mrs. Clarendon saw that it was not her husband. Dunlon did not know that it was a strange woman who was beating him until he was completely "done up" and thrown downstairs.

An Embezzling Postmistress.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 30.—In the United States district court Mrs. Mary Vonderheide, formerly postmistress at Teutopolis, entered a plea of guilty to thirteen distinct charges of embezzling and appropriating the contents of valuable letters. The aggregate amount of her plunder was $1200. She is now living in Chicago and is the mother of seven young children, the youngest only two months of age. Out of regard to her children sentence was suspended.

Smallpox at Jennings.

LAKE CHARLES, La., Jan. 27.—Smallpox has appeared in Jennings, a flourishing town on the Southern Pacific railway, about thirty-three miles east of Lake Charles. The mayor of Jenning issued a proclamation of the fact saying all patients are and will be isolated and recommending measures to prevent the spread of the disease. Quarantine will be probably declared.

Read Out of the Third Party.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 30.—At a meeting of Populists resolutions were adopted denouncing Congressman-elect Cannon and Assemblyman T. J. Kerns of Los Angeles as traitors and formally reading them out of the party. This action was taken because Kerns voted for White (Dem.) for United States senator when, as the Populists claim, he was pledged to vote for their candidate.

Black Leg in Cattle.

LARAMIE, Wyo., Jan. 30.—Black leg has broken out among cattle on the ranches near Medicine Bow, and cattlemen are worried for fear the disease will spread. A ranchman named Schutte has lost five head within the last few days and others have lost two and three head each.

An Annuity for Mrs. Davis.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 30.—The bill to appropriate $500 annually to Mrs. V. Jefferson Davis, widow of the Confederate ex-president, was passed by the senate. The bill provides that the state shall transmit the above amount every year during the life of Mrs. Davis.

Will Succeed Carlisle.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 30.—Judge William Lindsay of this city will succeed Carlisle as junior senator from Kentucky. Congressmen McCreary and Stone have withdrawn from the contest.

THE STATESMAN GONE

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE HAS JOURNEYED OVER THE RIVER.

He Was Surrounded by His Beloved Family—His End Came Peacefully. The News of His Sad Demise Causes Sorrow Throughout the Union.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—James G. Blaine died at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The announcement caused no surprise. It was a foregone conclusion that his battle with death would be the final defeat of his life. He was a sick man when he returned to Washington to settle down for the winter. Death and its bereavements added more and more to his ailments. He has grown worse and has continued on his journey to the grave as fast as the days would carry him. Science and skill have furnished him the weapons of defense for comparatively a long time, but his death has finished the tariff fight. He was a doomed man from the start, and to all intents and purposes he has been a dead man for these many days past. The end came peacefully, the secretary passing without a tremor from an unconscious state into that of death. His wife and children were at his bedside. An attendant stationed at the door of the mansion to answer the inquiries of the newspaper correspondents made the announcement. The news spread to the Capitol and throughout the city in a few minutes and it was everywhere expected, but when the announcement came the impression was more striking than any that has been created by similar news since the death of Abrahaim Lincoln.

Mr. Blaine's Career.

We may now estimate dispassionately the life and genius of JAMES GILLESPIE BLAINE. The conspicuous place which he has held in the estimation of his coun-

JAMES G. BLAINE.

tryman calls for something more than a passing repetition of the facts of his career. The mere facts were easily recited. It were a brief and cursory task to recount the capital events and landmarks of his life. Born in West Brownsville, Pa., on the 31st of January, 1830; educated first at home and afterward at Washington college; teaching for a short time in a military school at Blue Lick Springs, Ky.; finding there and taking in marriage Harriet Stanwood, a teacher like himself; returning to his native state to teach in Philadelphia; going with his young wife to her home in Maine and making that state his future home; editor at twenty-four of the Kennebec Journal; associate editor of the Portland Advertiser; bounding into politics; reaching the legislature of Maine and then a seat in congress; seven terms a member of the house of representatives and for six years speaker of that body; briefly in the senate—an arena unsuited to his genius; aspiring to the presidency; four times voted for in national conventions of his party and once nominated; twice secretary of state in the cabinets of his competitors; leader of his party; publicist; diplomatist of the first rank; creator of policies national and international; statesman, author, man of genius, and therefore an enigma—such have been the critical stages and evolutions of this remarkable career.

MRS. BLAINE.

Blaine outlived nearly all of his great contemporaries. He saw every Union general of the first rank and every Confederate general of the first rank, with the single exception of Longstreet, go down to the grave. He survived nearly all of his competitors in civil life. Sherman outlived him, but did not reach his stature or his fame. He attained the grand climacteric and went at the age of sixty-three. He had an unclouded sunset. His last days were spent within sight of the Capitol. Thither his gaze will be turned no more. Against him all avenues of earthly hope and ambition are closed forever, but he went away with the radiance of a great life lingering around his couch. An imperishable chaplet was held above his white and honored head and the weeping genius of his country hid for awhile her face when his spirit issued forth into the shadows.

The President's Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The president has issued a proclamation announcing to the senate, congress and the people the death of Mr. Blaine. The document is somewhat lengthy, reciting the public service of the departed statesman. Both houses of congress adjourned at once.

Mr. Blaine's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The body of Blaine was yesterday placed in the parlor on the north side of the second floor of the residence. A number of friends called at the house and took a last look upon the face of the departed. The ex-

THE HOUSE WHERE MR. BLAINE DIED.

pression of the face was peaceful and the lineaments show but few traces of the ravages of disease. The casket was almost buried under a mass of floral tributes. The services were strictly private and no one was admitted who had not received an invitation. The limited seating capacity of the church and the large number of delegations and officials to be provided for left no room for the general public. His funeral took place this morning.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Geo. Euchinger, St. Louis, seeks to have his son arrested for marrying his stepdaughter, who is also the young man's cousin.

Dwight Tredway has sued President Dodd of the Missouri Electric Light company for one-half the stock of that corporation.

The postal appropriation for the fiscal year ending June, 1894, is nearly $84,000,000.

The bill to bridge the Osage river in Benton county, Missouri, now awaits the president's signature.

Senator Harris of Tennessee is likely to be president pro tem of the senate when the Democrats assume control.

Canada's parliament has opened at Ottawa.

The Rome (Ga.) sanitarium was destroyed by incendiary fire, with a loss of $100,000.

The Thompson Houston company has asked for a receiver for the city electric road of Little Rock, Ark.

The Republic of Hayti is said to be on the verge of another revolution.

Governor Turney in his message to the Tennessee legislature makes some important recommendations.

Congressman Mitchell of Wisconsin has been nominated by the Democrats to succeed United States Senator Sawyer.

John Riggs, a famous Indian fighter under Custer, and who claimed he killed the chief Black Kettle, is dead in Texas.

President Mosher of the broken Capitol National bank, Lincoln, Neb., went before the grand jury, acknowledged his guilt and, it is thought was indicted.

The defense in the Panama canal case has closed at Paris and court adjourned until Tuesday.

The French government again triumphed in a vote in the chamber of deputies over the Boulangists' and Royalists' attacks.

George Roloff died at Upper Alton, being the twentieth victim of the wreck at Wann.

The Pennsylvania railroad is said to have arrangements about complete for a route to the Pacific coast.

Joseph Nimmo expresses his views on the power of the interstate commission on rate making and apportionment of traffic.

As the result of a recent order by the government the immigration commissions paid by railroads to steamship companies will be reduced.

A great railway war is brewing in New England, the parties to it being the New York, New Haven and Hartford and the New York and New England, with Reading edging in as a side issue.

Fred Fink kills his son-in-law, Henry Schellinger, near Clayton, Mo.

Frank Henschen shot Miss Alice Bruce and then committed suicide at St. Louis.

General Jemison of Missouri, aspires to the governorship of Oklahoma.

A bill for the establishment of a permanent census bureau has been reported to the house.

Governor Altgeld is recuperating at Ashville, N. C.

Flager's casino at St. Augustine, Fla., was damaged $100,000 by fire.

William Houghtelin, a young tough, is in jail at Terre Haute, Ind., for attempting to criminally assault a child.

Justice Lamar's death caused a profound shock in Washington. Speculation is rife as to who will fill his place.

Two young toughs, armed with revolvers, terrorized a train on the Sedalia, Warsaw and Southern railroad, escaping at Sedalia.

Assignee Murrell of Marshall, Mo., went to take charge of the closed bank at Arrow Rock, but creditors forced him to leave town.

A Chicago lawyer has suggested that ex-presidents, when they possess the legal requirements, be named for supreme court justices.

Lakewood is the new political Mecca. Mr. Cleveland's advisers are gathering there and it is said the selection of a cabinet is to be put through at once.

Through a Brick House.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Jan. 30.—A car on an electric railroad jumped the track. The street was icy and the car dashed swiftly across the street and struck the side of a brick building. The momentum carried it through the wall. The car was filled with passengers and few of them escaped without injury, though there were no fatalities.

Changed Stations.

OMAHA, Jan. 30.—Colonel W. B. Hughes, for the past six years in charge of the quartermaster's office of the department of the Platte, has been ordered to Baltimore, and Colonel Dandy of San Antonio, Tex., who was here before Hughes, comes back to his old place.

Postoffice Money.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The house committee on postoffices and postroads has completed the postoffice appropriations bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894. The bill as agreed upon carries an appropriation of $83,869,357, an increase of $5,538,081 over the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The gold shipments by today's steamers will aggregate $9,100,000.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Monday.

SENATE.—Consideration of the anti-option bill question being on the amendment offered by Mr. Vilas to the George substitute, began with a continuation of the speech of Mr. George partly made on Saturday. At 1 o'clock next Thursday a vote will be taken on Mr. George's substitute and not later than 3 o'clock on the bill itself.—The bill then went over without action and the Cherokee outlet bill from the house was taken up. The bill having been read Mr. Platt offered a substitute bill from the committee on Indian affairs.—An amendment to the substitute was offered by Mr. Berry providing for the appointment of a commission for investigating the existing rights of the national or tribal title to lands in the Territory.—Mr. Berry's amendment was agreed to and the bill went over. The senate then went into executive session.

HOUSE.—The quarantine bill passed. An amendment was adopted extending the provisions of the bill to immigration and importation across land boundaries as well as across sea boundaries.—Then came a vote on the canal bill. The passage of the bill on a division vote stood 111 to 47.—Mr. Mallory raised the point of no quorum, but by the tellers the vote stood 138 to 29.—The house then as committee of the whole proceeded to consider the sundry civil appropriation bill, but did not dispose of it.

Tuesday.

SENATE.—Early in the day a communication was received from Chief Justice Fuller of the supreme court, addressed to the vice president, announced the death of Associate Justice Lamar, which was laid before the senate. Messrs. Walthall of Mississippi and Gordon of Georgia made brief remarks, warmly eulogizing the dead justice. Mr. Wilson of Iowa moved as a mark of respect to the memory of Justice Lamar, who was formerly a member of the senate, that the senate adjourn, which motion unanimously carried.

HOUSE.—The house refused to agree to the action to take up the sundry civil bill. Then, as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Justice Lamar, the house adjourned.

Wednesday.

SENATE.—No business of importance was transacted except the introduction of a bill for the admission of Utah as a state and an amendment from the committe on naval affairs looking to a further increase of the navy.

HOUSE.—The bankruptcy bill was discussed at length but no action was taken.

Thursday.

SENATE.—The anti-option bill was discussed at length.—An effort to pass the bill creating a commission on the alcoholic liquor traffic failed, the morning hour expiring without action on the alcoholic traffic bill.

HOUSE.—The sundry civil bill was taken up and made fair progress.—Mr. Dockery reported from the committee on appropriations the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and it was placed on the calendar.

Friday.

Both houses adjourned without transacting any business owing to Mr. Blaine's death.

Saturday.

SENATE.—The appropriation bill reported from the committee on appropriations and placed on the calendar.—On motion of Mr. Hale it was ordered that when the senate adjourned that it be to meet at 2 o'clock today, so as to give senators an opportunity to attend the funeral of Mr. Blaine.

HOUSE.—Beyond the adoption of resolutions looking to an investigation of the Panama canal scandal and the whisky trust the proceedings of the house Saturday were devoid of public interest.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

The Consumptive and Feeble and all who suffer from exhausting diseases should use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Indigestion, Female weakness, Rheumatism and Pain. 50c. & $1.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15cts. at Druggists.

A Famous Homedy of A Famous Physician

Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Cold on the Chest,
ARE CURED BY
Dr. C. F. BROWN'S
YOUNG AMERICAN
LINIMENT.
A Reliable Household Remedy.
35 years in use. Price, 25 cts.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT
C. F. BROWN CHEMICAL CO.,
Sole Proprietors, 79 John St., New York

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER
The Best Waterproof Coat in the WORLD!
The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the severest storms. The new POMMEL SLICKER is a perfect riding coat, and covers the entire saddle. Beware of imitations. Don't buy a coat if the "Fish Brand" is not on it. Illustrated Catalogue free. A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

FIRST CLASS
Board and Lodging
—AT—
Mrs. M. W. Webb's
No. 516, Jackson St., Corner of Pearl.
Dallas, Texas.
Rate $1.00 per Day. Nice, large cool rooms and bath privileges.

Work,
Worry,
and Disease

are a formidable trio; yet the weak person frequently has to meet all of them at once. How can he overcome? The answer is, with our COMPOUND OXYGEN (and our only.) The countless demonstration of 23 years warrant this reply.

Our treatment is available for home use; neither need your occupation be interferred with. The value of these features is obvious. What about your need? A book of explanation and proof is yours to consider—if asked for now.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,
120 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Don't wait for each other but go to work and secure one subscriber for the DEMOCRAT.

THAT IN THE YEAR 1893

THAT SUCH A THING AS A CLEAN, NEW STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, etc., can be found any where in Texas.

SEEING IS BELIEVING. LOOK FOR THIS AT THE NEW STORE OF

WYLIE & BALDWIN,

Next Door to Collin County Bank.

We lay our money, our energies, our best efforts, on the alter of the trade of Collin county and ask Your consideration,

PRICES AND VALUES CONSIDERED

We promise to carry our Banner clear of the Dust, keeping abreast with electric progress of the age in our business and as citizen

COME TO SEE US, WE ARE STRANGERS BUT YOU SHALL NOT BE TREATED AS SUCH IN OUR STORE.

OUR GRAND OPENING will be Friday and Saturday, February 10 and 11, 1893,

Your presence is respectfully solicited.

Very Respectfully,

WYLIE & BALDWIN.

THE DEMOCRAT,

EDITED AND PUBLISHED

By F. C. Thompson.

THURSDAY, FEB. 2, 1892.

"Live! live to-day! To-morrow never yet
On any human being rose or set."

SILK, satin and diamonds are not always indicative of a good character.

SOME religious creeds need to drink at the fountain of pure democracy.

THE present railway commission cost the state about $30,000 per annum.

WE admire system but when it gives way to the unmovable iceburg of formality, please excuse us.

JAMES G. BLAINE was laid to rest last Monday in Washington with imposing ceremonies. It was the wish of the dead statesman to be laid away quietly, but an eager and anxious throng prevented it.

THE railway commission claims that wheat advanced to a price that was profitable to the farmer, under its administration. The farmer who is now selling his wheat for 60 cents can hardly see the "profitable" part of the business.

THE report of the Texas railway commission admits that the recent injunction of the Federal court, and the Inter-State railway commission, has obstructed the workings of the Texas commission to a great extent. That in consequence thereof the producers of Texas are suffering. So much for Hogg and THE commission.

THE DEMOCRAT now goes to the remotest parts of the continent, from the snow capped Mt. Katahdin in Maine to the blooming valley of the Sacramento; richly laden with the advertisments of our enterprising business men.

Her sail cloth whitens in every port of entry and her well filled news columns temper the climes of every zone, with the doings of the noble people of Collin county.

THE little three year old daughter of Henry Vance, of Paris, was brutally murdered by Henry Smith a negro, at that city a few days ago. The negro committed the crime to get revenge on officer Vance who had previously arrested him. The county is being scoured by officers and blacks to find the negro, who will likely be mobbed as soon as caught.

LATER: Smith was arrested at Hope Arkansas and brought to Paris yesterday, (Wednesday,) where a mob took charge of him. Red hot irons were applied to different parts of his body—his eyeballs were burned out. Afterwards he was entirely consumed by the flames. Fully 15000 people witnessed the mobbing.

EDITORIAL VENOM.

So much unfavorable comment having been seen in print regarding the venomous editorial of the Nashville American on the death of Ben Butler, we herewith present it to our readers to show how easy it is for an ass to kick a dead lion.

The American, Jan. 12: "He was a truckling demagogue whose selfishness amounted to pollution; he was an autocrat who used power to wreck personal revenge; he was mean and malignant, a hangman from prejudice, the insulter of women, a braggadocio, a trickster and a scoundrel whose heart was as black as the smoke from the coals that are now scorching his soul.

"If there be a future of peace in store for Ben Butler after his entrance upon eternity, then there is no heaven and the Bible is a lie. If hell be only as black as the good book describes it, then there are not the degrees of punishment in which some Christians so firmly believe. He has gone, and from the sentence which has already been passed upon him there is no appeal. He is already so deep down in the pit of everlasting doom that he couldn't get the most powerful ear trumpet conceivable to scientists and hear the echoes of old Gabriel's trumpet; or fly a million kites and get a message to St. Peter who stands guard at heaven's gates.

"In our statute books many holidays are decreed. It was an egregious oversight that one on the occasion of the death of Ben Butler was not fereordained. It should be a day of merry-making. The 'Beast' is dead. The cymbals should beat and the tin horn should get in its exultant work. Butler has gone where he can issue no more orders making the rape of Southern women a gala pastime. He has gone where there are no more spoons to be stolen. He has gone where it is not in his power to order hanged Southern gentlemen for alleged treason against Butlerism.

"Good-bye, Ben! You strutted through a few temporal triumphs; now rest, if you can, in the brimstone glare of hell fire."

GOVERNMENT CONTROL OR OWNERSHIP?

We are ready at all times to acknowledge our ignorance of constitutional law, but we claim the right to cite the public to seeming inconsistencies of those who boast of knowledge in that direction. There is a class of fellows in Texas who style themselves "democrats" and who are eternally harping about "centralization," "rights of property" etc., when denouncing the clause in the populist's platform, which favors government ownership of railroads.

These same fellows advocate the imbecile Texas railway commission—THE commission!

In advocating government control of railroads, they are forced to the position of the populist party, viz: That railroads are public highways and subject to special legislation.

Now, we wish to ask, which is the most reasonable; for the government to take charge of property and dictate the management and earnings of that property, or for it to purchase it and become entirely responsible for the workings of the same?

We claim that the latter course is the most consistent and certainly is the most constitutional.

Would not any citizen rather dispose of his property and business at a fair valuation to the government, than to have the latter assume a guardianship over his property and dictate his earnings—leaving him entirely responsible for losses?

We believe that when it becomes necessary for the government to interfere with railroads, telegraph and telephone lines by controling charges, it then becomes its duty to purchase the same and assume entire control and become entirely responsible for their workings—the same as in the postal service.

BLAINE'S EULOGY OF GARFIELD.

Blaine's tender eulogy of Garfield just ten years ago is recalled with pathetic interest now. It was delivered in the House of Representatives before both houses of Congress, and it closed with this eloquent peroration, picturing Garfield's last days:

"As the end drew near his craving for the sea returned. The stately mansion of power had been to him the wearisome hospital of pain, and he begged to be taken from its prison walls, from its oppressive, stifling air from its homelessness and its hopelessness. Gently, silently, the love of a great people bore the pale sufferer to the longed-for healing of the sea, to live or to die, as God should will, within sight of its heaving billows, within sound of its manifold voice. With wan-fevered face tenderly lifted to the cooling breeze, he looked out wistfully upon the sea's changing wonders, on its fair sails whitening in the morning light, on its restless waves rolling shoreward to break and die beneath the noonday sun, on the red clouds of evening arching low to the horizon, on the serene and shining pathway of the stars. Let us think that his dying eyes read a mystic meaning which only the rapt and parting soul may know. Let us believe that in the silence of the receding world he heard the great waves breaking on a further shore, and felt already upon his brow the breath of the eternal morning."

At The Methodist Church.

It has seldom been our fortune to listen to as able and eloquent discourse as that delivered by Bishop Garrett last Sunday evening at the Methodist church.

Just previous to the discourse an impressive Episcopal confirmation service was performed.

The spacious building was filled to overflowing.

He contended that there was a law of nature that taught humanity in every clime and in every stage of civilization from the earliest existence to the present time, right from wrong; that this moral law is implanted in the breast of the barbarian and the civilized. He was convinced of the fact that this human instinct, aided, however much, by human law was not capable of freeing man from the law of "sin and death." It requires divine intervention or a new spiritual principle instilled in the human heart to create nobler desires and raise us above the power of evil influences. He graphically portrayed the maniac's, and other debasing conditions, and contrasted the same with the new and nobler.

With this spiritual germ imbedded in the human heart, the better qualities constantly evolved while the old and debased were thrown off. Like the rose which gradually unfolds, gathering its beautiful coloring and fragrance untill it becomes the queen of the garden, so will be our nature when aided by this powerful spiritual germ. He admitted for argument's sake the theory of evolution. It only proved the "upward and onward" course of the human race. He had no war to make on science. Its discoveries only revealed new wonders and powers of the Divine Creator of the whole.

We regret that our pen is unable to do justice to the intellectual feast whitch all present enjoyed without regard to beliefs and differences.

COURT PROCEEDINGS

District Court.

D. Davis, theft of horse; pleaded guilty; sentenced five years.

T. B. Lemmons and C. L. Lemmons passing forged instruments, pleaded guilty, 2 years.

John Kerr theft of horse; pleaded guilty, 2 years.

John Capps theft of property over $20, pleaded guilty 2 years,

Jim Martin theft of over $20 and receiving stolen property. two years and three months.

Jim Miller theft of horse, pleaded guilty, 5 years.

Gabe Giliard assault with intent to murder; not guilty.

Justice's Court.

A. L. Cole, affray, fine and cost. $8,70.

Sallie Marquedo, murder, remanded to jail without bail,

Charlie Childress, murder. remanded to jail without bail.

Madison Dixon and Annie Rhine, incest. Bound over to district court in the snm of $300 each.

Mayor's Court.

Oscar Carney: Drunkenness, fine and cost, $10,70.

Corkey Mexican: Drunkenness, fine and cost, 10,70.

T. J. Terry: Drunkenness, fine and cost, 10,70.

Dan Dugan: Drunkenness, fine and cost; 10,70.

Bill Burk: Drunkenness.

Ike Stinnett: Disturbance, fine and cost, 10,70.

GO TO

Harper & Roderick's

The Only Exclusive Clothing House in Collin County.

Shooting at Wylie.

Wylie, Tex., Jan. 29.—A difficulty occurred this evening about sunset in front of the Hawkins restaurant between W B. Cannon and H. C. Clayton, in which the latter received three shots, one in the breast ranging downward and lodging in his liver, one in his right side and a flesh wound in his arm. His recovery is doubtful.

The difficulty is supposed to have occured over an old settlement.

Something new at Harper & Roderick's.

The Packard is the best.

The Battle Still Rages.

The Black Flag is Unfurled to the Political Breeze.

There is Nothing that Frightens a Political Mossback as to See a Live "Corpse" Emerging From the

POLITICAL BATTLE FIELD.

Last Saturday promptly at 2 P. M. a good-sized crowd of people's party advocates met in the court house for the purpose of electing officers for the next two years. After the meeting had harmoniously completed its work, W. E. Farmer, of Sulphur Springs addressed the crowd. His speech was well received. His hits were regarded as being "straight from the shoulders."

The following is the report of the meeting as furnished by the secretary.

McKINNEY, TEX., Jan. 28, 1893.

People's party mass meeting called to order by chairman R. D. Allison.

On motion, E. C. Forbes was elected secretary.

On motion, a committee of five was appointed to report on permanent organization, of the Executive committee.

The committee appointed, was as follows. R. W. Chapman, chairman. J. T. Branch, A. S. Graves, J. T. Melton, Joshua Gotcher.

The committee made the following report which was unanimously adopted.

REPORT.

To the the chairman of the Executive committee of the people's party of Collin county.

We, your committee, appointed to select members of the executive committee of the people's party for the next two years, recommend that one member be selected from each voting box in the county, and that the following names be selected from the various voting boxes designated, to act as such committee.

We also recommend that J. W. Gray, be elected chairman of he Executive committee, and that E. C. Forbes be elected secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. W. Gray,	Chairman.
A. S. Graves,	North McKinney
G. M. D. Williams,	South "
W. W. Chapman,	Allen
E C Forbes,	Plano,
J F Cave,	Melisa,
W F Price,	Anna,
Chas. Snyder,	Rheas Mills,
J E Carruth,	Weston,
A D Stelzer,	Celina,
W T Hale,	Rock Hill,
F M Collingsworth,	Lebanon,
R D Hickman,	N. Farmersville,
Joshua Gotcher,	S. "
James Dorn,	Valdasta,
W W Maddox,	Blue Ridge,
M N Stroup	Verona,
L Nelson,	Lick Prairie,
J T Branch,	Princeton,
J B Marshall,	Copsville,
E B Maxey,	Nevada,
.....	Milwood
W H Hicks,	Wylie,
E M Morris,	St Paul,
J H King,	Decatur,
.....	Pilgrim,
G P Jones,	Gray Bill,
D L Fields,	Seven Points,
.....	Frankford.

SIGNED.

W. W. CHAPMAN, Chairman.
J. T. BRANCH,
A. S. GRAVES,
J. T MELTON,
JOSHUA GATCHER.

On motion the executive committee were empowered to fill all vacancies in said committee.

On motion the executive committee were instructed to thoroughly organize the party in each community, and to take such measures as they think essential to the party's good.

On motion a vote of thanks was tendered the retiring chairman for the able and patriotic manner in which he had discharged the duties of his office.

On motion, adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

R. D. ALLISON, Chm'n.
E. C. FORBES, Sec'y.

Latest Novelties in Neckwear, Ties, Scarfs, 4-in-hands, Bows and Ascots full line at Harper & Roderick's.

Nickel store for cigars.

THE KNIFE GOES DEEP!

OUR BUYER HAS GONE EAST TO

Purchase Spring Goods.

WE NEED

ROOM and Money TOO!

All Clothing in Mens', Boys' and Children (black clay worsted excepted) go at

10 per cent Less than Cost.

Boys' Jeans Coats $1.00 worth $2.00.

All Gents' and Ladies' Woolen Underwear AT COST.

N. B. Red, all wool Knit Shirts 25 cts. each.

Scarfs and Four-in-Hand-Ties.

All $1 and 1.25 Scarfs go at	75 cts
All 75 cts and 65 cts Scarfs go at	50 cts
All 50 cts Scarfs go at	35 cts
All 25 cts Scarfs go at	20 cts
One lot Mens' Linen Collars that cost 10 to 15 cts each go at	5 cts
John B. Stetson Hats that cost $4 50 we will sell at	$3.00
Stetson Hats, black silk lined, worth $4.50 at $2.50	$2.50
Mens' black and colored Stiff Hats worth $3 and $3 50 for	1.50
Fine Fur Hats in white and black, worth $4.50 for	3 00
Fine Fur Hats we sold at $3.50 will go at	2.50
Boy's Hats, worth $1 75 at	1.00

All kinds of knit goods—Hoods, Childrens' Coats, Facinators, Ladies' Sacques, Ladies' Shawls, all kinds go at cost.

All Remnant Dress Goods at HALF PRICE.

All Blankets and Comforts 10 per cent less than cost. Comforts as low as 25 cents each.

Cloaks, Cloaks, Cloaks!

AT 66 2-3 cents on the Dollar.

Cotton Flannel, napped on both sides, only 5 cts a yard, worth 10.

Standard Calicos only.....5 cts per yard

Heavy Brown Domestic 20 yards for $1.00.

Womens' Shoes, good ones, only 50 cts per pair.

Thirty-Six inch Dark Colored Dress Goods worth 15 and 20 cents at 12 1-2c per yard.

This Sale Lasts Until the 15th of Next Mon

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Respectfully,

Murphy, Perry & Co.,

Proprietors Mississippi Store, McKinney, Texas.

Jan. 28, 1893.

Clothing! Clothing!

CLOTHING!!!

—FOR—

Boy's and Men

—AT—

Lowest Prices

—AT—

Harper & Roderick's

Mathushek, Mathushek the most reliable and best constructed Piano ever sold North Texas, at M. B. Rexrod south Collin county bank.

BANKRUPT

CLOTHING STORE!

THE LEADING

Clothing and Furnishing Goods House

OF

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

THE

CELEBRATED METROPOLITAN

Will Open in The

Johnson Building Feb. 3.

Over $25,000 worth of Fine Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Mens' Fine Shoes, Hannon & Son makes.

CALL ON US AND WE WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

D. HEAD,

JNO. A. HANN, Of Denton, Texas.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gallor Brady, who has been very sick is up again.

Work on the artesian well is progressing slowly but surely.

There are a great many strange faces visible on our streets recently.

Collin, the banner county of the state, is attracting unusual attention just now.

Mr. M. Aron is now in the eastern markets purchasing goods for M. Aron & Co.

Dr. Gullett is having his frame building remodeled on West Louisiana street.

We received a pleasant visit from Mr. R. T. Spivey and his two daughters last Saturday.

Mr Ed E. Berkshire, editor, of the Nevada News Letter was in to see us last monday.

Capt. Taylor, from near Mortown, Tenn., is prospecting our county with a view of locating.

Abe Enloe has established a meat market on East Louisiana street, where he invites the public to call.

The Baptist brethren have decided to errect a $5,000 building in the near future. A considerable sum has already been subscribed.

W. B. Cannon, who shot H. Clayton at Wylie, was admitted bail in the sum of $1000 in justice miller's court at Plano.

Mr E. M. Barkley left last Sunday for New York, where he will purchase the spring stock of goods for his firm, Barkley Harris & Rhea.

We are thankful to the authorities for fixing the sidewalk leading through the alley from East Louisiana street to the post-office.

A parody on „Three perished in the snow" was sung by a drayman as he floundered about in a mudhole in one of McKinney's main streets the other day.

We regret very much to learn of the continued sickness of Mrs. Clint Thompson. She is a noble, christian lady and we hope for health to bless her.

Novelties in Umbrellas at Harper & Roderick's.

The holiness meetings still continues. If pluck and energy are necessary in religion this little band will surely succeed.

Harper & Roderick carry a fine line of Boys' and Mens' Shoes.

"Don't hitch here" seen on board fences all over the city is a patent medicine which takes the place of hitching racks.

Henry Singleton, of Lebanon, hauled out eight pigs last Tuesday which was shipped to him from Kansas. Mr. Singleton is a Hog(g) man of the finest type.

E. W. Kirkpatrick is at home after several weeks stay on the gulf. He is kept busy in filling orders for nursery stock—he being proprietor of the best in the state.

POSTMASTERS — Will please notify us of all DEMOCRATS which are not taken out of their office as we wish to straighten up our books. In cases where the subscribers have moved please give their post-office address, if possible.

A couple of young visitors made their appearance at the home of Will Bradleys, the barber, a few nights ago—a boy and a girl, average weight unknown.

John Ed Downing, a section hand on the East Line died at the section house just east of McKinney last Tuesday. He died very suddenly, it is reported, from an overdose of morphine. He was a young man and his parents reside at Black Jack, Hopkins county, Tex.

A bill passed both branches of the legislature creating the 55th Judicial District of Collin. Thus, Grayson county will have six terms of court during the year. It is rumored that G. R Smith will be appointed judge of the new district by Governor Hogg.

Latest Shapes in Soft Hats, Derbys and Tiles at HARPER & RODERICKS

☞Fine wines, liquors and cigars at Howard & William's.

"Rock of ages cleft for me," said a drunk, fellow as he jammed his head against the stone pavement, the other night.

Allowing six streets running each way through the corporate limits of McKinney we would have 12 miles of street 40 feet wide.

This would give a surface of 2,534, 400. sq. ft., which could be laid with bois d' arc at a cost of 6 cents per foot. Or a total cost of $152,064,00. which would give a great many unemployed men work for some time, besides a great deal of comfort and a lasting blessing to our city.

☞The good old Nelson and Lincoln county whiskey at Howard and William.

Lewis Benton a young married man who lived a few miles east of McKinney has disappeared and at present writing his whereabouts is unknown. He left home last Saturday a week, and the last heard of him was in Dallas. He had some money when he left.

On the 2d page of this issue can be seen the ad of Wylie & Baldwin., who are located in the Board building on the south side.

Mr. Wylie was a former citizen and drygoods merchant of Wiley in this county. He and his partner, Mr. Baldwin, are experienced in their line of business. Their handsome and durable stock of goods, together with their gentlemanly and honest dealing, will insure their success. Don't fail to call and see them. They have remodeled the house with suitable shelving, counters ect., and will be glad to see you in their new quarters whether you wish to purchase or not.

☞T. H. Jones respectfully asks the ladies of McKinney and vicinity to call and examine his goods and prices. Fifth door west of Foote House.

Clarence Shuman can make your old machine run like a new one. Satisfaction garenteed or money refunded, also repair your organs.

☞SEE

Harper & Roderick's

FASHIONABLE

Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.

☞Try a nip of Howard & Williams old Nelson and Lincoln county whiskey.

A Voice From Greer county.

Altus Okla., Jan. 26, 1893.

Editor Democrat.

I arrived here last Monday eve, after spending two weeks in the good old towns of Mc Kinney and Dallas.

I found snow still on the ground, which has perhaps done a great deal for our wheat, which is doing well. The ground is thoroughly wet, and we are having a cold rain from the north today.

Several families have moved among us in the last ten days from Iowa and Missouri.

Our coldest day was ten degrees above zero.

Several of our citizens have gone to the Indian Nation to attend court this week, and four others are lying low on the southside of a strawstack, just north of town, to avoid making the trip.

Esq. James held his court here yesterday which lasted only half the day. There were two deputy sheriffs, two lawyers and thres doctors present and but one case tried.

Mr. Editor, when our seventy five pound watermelons get ripe, we want you to come out and bring the whole family to see us.

S. J. DOBBS.

The Celebrated Manhattan Shirts are found at Harper & Roderick's.

Ex-Treasuary M'Kinney's Case.

Vernon, Tex., Jan. 29.—W. A. McKinney, Ex-Treasurer of Wilbarger county, was arraigned before justice Mason yesterday, charged with embezzling the county's funds. He waived a preliminary examination and was bound over to await the action of the grand-jury, which meets Feb. 6.

A. J. Bush, of Taylor Texas, will preach at the Christian church next Sunday night Feb. 5th., services beginning at 7. 15. All are invited to attend, and he requests that all of the uembers of the congregation be present as far as possible.

"Bob White" is a brand of Anderson Kentuckey whiskey now for sale by Howard and Williams. This whiskey, aside from being a luxurious drink, is an excellent remedy for pulmonary affections and indigestion. A $1000 reward is offered anyone who discovers any impurities in these case goods. Call and examine for yourselves at Howard & Williams on north side.

Rev. Fladger, pastor of the Methodist church, was in Jefferson last Saturday and Sunday.

You will notice that half page ad on the local page of this issue announcing the establishment of the Bankrupt store in the Johnson block.

The gentlemen who are engineening the business are experienced, and will guarantee satisfaction, both in quality and price of goods purchased from them. Give this new enterprise a trial.

Public Alliance Lectures.

C. A. McMeans will deliver lectures as follows:

Haggard School House			Feb.	7
Maxwell	"	"	"	8
St. Paul	"	"	"	9
Copeville	"	"	"	10
Nevada	"	"	"	11
Hickman	"	"	"	13
Blue Ridge	"	"	"	14
Gray Bill	"	"	"	15
Melissa	"	"	"	16
Cross Roads	"	"	"	17

Speaking at night. Everybody invited; especially the ladies. Local friends will please announce.

☞See the Mathushek.

WANTED

One Hundred Bois 'd Arc logs in exchange for lumber.

J. M. WILCOX & SON.

For Ease and Comfort try the New Patent BIFURCATED YOKE BACK SUSPENDERS at HARPER & RODERICK'S.

The Globe-Democrat seems to think that the East Line will be extended on west from McKinney.

Fine Dress Shoes, Fancy Slippers and Nullifiers at HARPER & RODERICK'S.

☞Buy your christmas goods from Kindell & McWhirter, grocers, East Louisiana street. They will save you money.

Have your machine and organs repaired by Clarence Shuman. The practical sewing machine repairer.

☞The Methushek is O. K.

☞Tinware, Glassware and all notions at the Nickel store.

News from Engleman.

ENGLEMAN, Tex., Jan. 26, '93.

Editor Democrat.

And still the bad weather continues. We have rain makers now; pray, some of you ingenious gentlemen arise and make yourselves immortal by inventing some means to furnish us with pleasant weather for a time at least.

Work toward the crop for this year is progressing slow at present, as a great many farmers are worrying with last years crop yet.

Health, fairly good in our community at this time.

We are sorry to learn of the protracted illness of our friend, Mrs. Noah Cox, of Lucas, Tex., and hope for her speedy recovery.

Please excuse all mistakes, as a future populist president, whose mother I have the honor to be, is to. say the least, rather obstreperous this evening.

CNLY A WOMAN.

James Gaines, who was shot by Charlie Cook at Van Alstyne, died of his wounds. Both parties lived on the Houston farm east of McKinney a few years ago.

Fine Gloves, Mocha, Costor and Kid, DRESSED and UNDRESSED at Harper & Roderick's.

Smith Bros.

Keep on hand fresh drugs, patent medicines of all kinds, Also toilet articles of any description; in fact, everything in the drug line. Call and see them, east side of the square.

The missing link in the Darwinian chain has been found somewhere in the rents of McKinney's sidewalks. We hope the city authorities will look it up and lay a board over "the link."

Dr. J. E. Gibson has gone to attend Mr. McCarty, who has recently been seized with a severe illness, at his home, Taylor's gin in Burnett Co.

Notice.

All parties owing J. F. Stivers & Co are requested to see Wm. Warden or Arthur Stacy and settle up at once. They will be found at the old stand for a few days.

Barkley Harris & Rhea.

This firm, composed of the three young men named above, are now in their new building S. E. cor. square.

Only pluck; energy and perseverence could progress as they have done.

On coming to our city the firm, Barkley & Harris, took up their quarters on W. La. street. Seeking a better locality they moved into the three story brick just finished for them by Mr. Newsome, on the site of their present quarters; and taking James Rhea, as partner.

During last summer their building and stock was laid in ruins by fire.

They soon after resumed business in the old Board stand where they remained until their recent removal to their new three story building.

A visit to their store-room will at once show, progressiveness, politenes, plain dealing, plentiful stock.

Music for Everybody.

M. B. Rexrode, one door south of Collin county bank handles the Mathushek Piano, Packard, Waterloo and other makes of organs, which he will sell for cash or in installments on the most reasonable terms.

To The Public.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to their customers and friends that they have sold out their lumber yard and business at McKinney to J. M. Wilcox & Sons, and beg leave to extend our thanks to the people for their liberal patronage during the past two years and we hope our successors will have a continuation of the same. We regret to close out our business interest here, yet we are forced to do so on account of our sawmilling interest in Eastern Texas requiring all of our personal attention. All parties owing the firm are requested to settle up at once.

Wms. Warden and Arthur Stacy are authorized to collect all notes and accounts.

Very respectfully,

J. F. STIVERS & Co.

☞Nickel—store—Nickel.

☞T. H. Jones has the neatest line of groceries in the city, and respectfully solicits your trade.

☞The new year brings new goods at the Nickel store.

The bar of McKinney passed a resolution yesterday protesting against the creating of a new judicial district of Grayson and Collin counties and requesting the governor to veto the bill. In this action the legal fraternity of McKinney are right. In the language of a legal friend of ours we can give Grayson part of Collin's court time and thus save expense of a seperate court.

Doc Turner, lately from Greenville, has purchased the barber business of J. W. Bradley. "Dock" is well known to our people having resided here in time gone by. He is a fine tonsorial artist and will be proud to have his old friends, and the public generally, to call on him. Mr Bradley will remain with him. The DEMOCRAT bespeaks for Mr. Turner complete success. His terms will be strictly cash.

THE MARKET.

ST. LOUIS—Cattle; shipping $4.35 to $5.25, Range $2.10 to 3.10. Hoggs; Packing $7.20 to 8.05.

NEW ORLEANS—Cotton, middling, 9 5-16 cts; middling fair 10 1-8.

CHICAGO—Wheat 74 3-4; corn 44, oats 31 1-2.

LOCAL MARKET

Cotton 8 to 9 cts.; corn 90 cts. wheat 62 cts.; oats 28-30.

Chickens, frying, $1.75 to 2.25; eggs 12 1-2 to 15 cts; butter 12 1-2 to 16 2-3 cts.

Finest line of Hosiery and Underwear at Harper & Roderick's.

☞Kindell & McWhirter have a splendid stock of staple and fancy groceries for you to select from at the most reasonable prices.

Suspenders to suit every shape at HARPER & RODERICK'S.

Latest Styles in E. & W. Collars at Harper & Roderick's.

☞Packard, Packard, Packard, the best organ on the market, at M. B. Rexrode's.

☞The Waterloo is all right.

☞T. H. Jones started on the first day of February with several more new customers. Let the good work go on.

Hats for Boys' and Men at Harper & Roderick's.

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The leading paper of Collin County

Houston and Texas Central Railway Time Table.

Going North,	No. 13	Arrives	5:21	a. m.
" "	" 3	"	10:59	a. m.
" "	" 1	"	8:15	p. m.
" South	" 2	"	8:14	a. m.
" "	" 4	"	4:49	p. m.
" "	" 14	"	9:28	p. m.

East Line Railroad.

Leaves	8:27 a. m.
Arrives	6:30 p. m.

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Local notices, 7 cents per line for each insertion. Obituaries of more than 10 lines will be charged for at our usual rates.

All contracts will be charged for in proportion to the above.

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CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. J H Wofford, pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. ——— superintendent.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Rev. G. A. Russell pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

METHODIST.

Services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:15 p. m., Rev. Fladger pastor. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

CHRISTIAN.

Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Elder ——— pastor, Sunday school every Sabbath to 9:30 a. m. P. Harris, superintendent. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night at 7:30.

BAPTIST.

Preaching every Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m and 7:45 p. m., Rev Sims pastor. Sunday school Sunday morning at 9:45 o'clock. T. C. Perry, superintendent

Calendar of District, County and Commissioners Court of Collin County.

DISTRICT COURT: Hon. T. J. Brown, Judge.
Court convenes 1st Mondays in January and June of each year.
COUNTY COURT: M. G. Abernathy, Judge.
Court convenes for civil, criminial and probate business. 1st Monday in March; 3rd Monday in May; 4th Monday in July; 2nd Monday in Oct. and 2nd Monday in December of each year.
COMMISSIONERS COURT: Convenes 2nd Mondays in February, May, August and November of each year.

County Officials.

M. G. Abernathy,	County Judge.
T. F. Mangum,	County Attorney.
J. W. Waddill,	County Clerk
J. L. Moulden,	Sheriff.
John W. McKinney,	Tax Collector.
R. S. Chandler,	Tax Assessor.
W. H. Taylor,	County Treasurer,
S. P. Clardy,	County Surveyor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. A. CALDWELL,
Physician & Surgeon,
Office up stairs over the old Board stand, South side Square, residence South-east McKinney, on Wilcox street McKinney, Texas.

I. E. WEBB,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
McKinney, Tex.,
Office over Collin County Bank.
Residence West Louisiana Street North of Public school building.

DR. J. C. N. SMITH
Resident Dentist.
☞Price as low as first-class work can be done. Teeth extracted without pain. Office in Johnson Block.

A. T. BRYANT,
HOMŒOPATHIC
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
McKINNEY, TEXAS,
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H. L. Pearson,
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Office north side square, over Aron's store. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of nitrous oxide gas.

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ANNALS OF AMERICAN POLITICS

A Brief History of Our National Campaigns.

[BY E. C. FORBES.]

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

The whigs now found themselves in posession of the three cardinal branches of the government, for the first time, and the democrats had met the opposition of a majority of the people for the first time in forty years. The whigs believed themselves in a position to fully introduce their policy in the administration of the government. Gen. Harrison was inaugerated president on March 4th 1841. But lived only about one month after his installment into office, and the duties of president devolved upon John Tyler. In the following winter congress made an attempt to carry out the policy of the whig party. Clay framed a national bank bill which was passed by both houses of congress only to meet the veto of the president. A second bill framed to meet his objection met the same fate. This action on the part of the president caused the greatest indignation on the part of the whigs. Tyler was denounced as a renegade and "a democrat in disguise."

Tyler replied to these accusations by stating that he had never indorsed the fundamental principles of the whigs, but had preferred them to the extreme measures of Jackson and Van Buren.

Tyler's administration was marked throughout by open hostility to the party which elected him. By this course one of the ablest American statesmen became one of the most unpopular of any that ever held the reins of government. A new issue now arose. Texas which had become an independent republic applied for admission into the union as a state. The measure was opposed by the whig party for three reasons. First, it was agreed that the country was already large enough in area for the convenience of good government, Second, it would involve this country in a war with Mexico. Third, it would come in as a slave state which would add strength to the democratic party, which was the special champion of slavery.

The democrats favored it for the latter reason and ignored the two first objections.

It was plain that the presidential election of 1844 would hinge on this issue.

The whigs nominated as their candidate for president their able leader, Henry Clay of Kentucky, and Theadore Frelinghuyson of New Jersey for vice president.

Mr. Van Buren and Mr. Marcy of New York were the two most prominent candidates before the democratic national convention. While Van Buren was very popular with his party, he was known to be opposed to the annexation scheme, and the extension of slavery. Yet it was feared he would secure a slight majority of the delegates and become the nominee over the protest of a large southern minority. To prevent this a rule was adopted requiring a two thirds vote to make a nomination, which has since been the rule in democratic national conventions.

This occasioned a long and tedious contest, and finaly a "dark horse" in the person of James K. Polk of Tennessee was nominated.

George M. Dallas of Pennsylvania was nominated for vice president.

James G. Birney again became the candidate of the abolitionists.

This was one of the most closely contested national elections ever held in this country. The prominence, well known ability, and popularity of Clay, added great importance to the campaign. It was evident, however, from the start that the democrats were advocating the popular side of the issue, and that their opponents must rely upon the prominence and popularity of their candidate.

This proved unavailing and they met a signal defeat.

The following is the electoral vote by states. Polk: Alabama 9, Arkansas 3, Georgia 10, Illinois 9, Indiana 12, Louisiana 6, Maine 9, Michigan 5, Mississippi 6, Missouri 7, New Hampshire 6, New York 36, Pennsylvania 26. South Corolina 9, Virginia 17; total 170.

Clay: Connecticut 6, Delaware 3, Kentucky 12, Maryland 8, Massachusetts 12, New Jersey 7, North Carolina 11, Ohio 23, Rhode Island 4, Tennessee 13, Vermont 6; total 105.

The popular vote was. Polk: 1,337,243· Clay: 1,299,068. Birney: 62,300.

The American people thus sanctioned the policy of annexation, and upon the reassembling of congress the bill admitting Texas into the union was passed and received president Tyler's signature a short time before his retiement from office.

President Polk was inaugerated on March 4th 1845 and the democratic party again assumed control of the government in all of its branches.

The principal event which marked the administration of president Polk, was the war with Mexico in 1846-47, in which the American armies under Generals Taylor and Scott, won a series of the most brilliant victories in modern history. By reason of these great military victories the vast area of territory west of the Rocky Mountains and south of Oregon was added to the American domain.

In 1848 gold was discovered in California aud for a time it appeared that the supply of the yellow metal was inexhaustable. Money became plentiful and the country prosperous. While the money monopolists became alarmed at the copious output of gold, they began the consideration of plans for its demonitization. Their fears were however groundless, as it was soon demonstrated that gold was not so plentiful as was reported by mining enthusiasts, and could be easily controlled by the capitalistic class.

The campaign of 1848 found the slavery question an important issue. A strong faction of the democratic party in the north opposed the extention of slavery.

In the state of New York, there was a bitter factional war on these lines. Ex-president Van Buren led the faction opposed to the extention of slavery which were denominated "barn burners," by the other faction. The pro-slavery faction was led by William Marcy and Horatio Seymore, and were called "hunkers."

The state convention of New York split, and elected two sets of delegates to the national convention.

The national democratic convention recognized the "hunkers" as the regular democracy of New York, and nominated General Lewis Cass of Michigan for president, an avowed pro-slavery man.

William O. Butler was nominated for vice president on the ticket with Cass.

The anti-slavery democrats "bolted" the nomination and formed a combination with the abolishtionists under the name of "free soilers," and named Martin Van Buren of New York for president, and Charles Francis Adams of Massachusetts for vice president.

The whigs nominated General Zachary Taylor, of Louisiana for president, and Millard Filmore of New York, for vice president.

The popularity of Van Buren notwithstanding the epithet of "falter" which was freely used by the regular democracy of his state, served to almost equally divide the democratic vote of New York, which gave the state to the whigs and elected Taylor to the presidency.

The following is the electoral vote by states. Taylor: Connecticut 6; Delaware 3, Florida 3, Georgia 10, Kentucky 12, Louisiana 6, Maryland 8, Massachusetts 12, New Jersey 7. New York 36, North, Carolina 11, Peunsylvania 26, Rhode Island 4, Tennessee 13, Vermont 6; total 168.

Cass: Alabama 9, Arkansas 3, Illinois 9, Indiana 12, Iowa 4, Maine 9, Michigan 5, Mississippi 6, Missouri 7, New Hampshire 6, Ohio 23, South Carolina 9, Texas 4, Virginia 17, Wisconsin 4; total 127.

The popular vote was, Taylor: 1,360,101. Cass: 1,220,540. Van Buren: 291,263.

The election of Gen. Taylor was owing entirely to the split in the democratic party, and upon assuming the duties of his office, he was met by an opposition majority in both houses of congress.

Gen. Taylor's popularity was due entirely to his military achievments, and he was in no sense regarded as a statesman. Indeed it is said he had taken so little interest in politics that he had not voted for forty years previous to his election.

His education was very limited, and it is probable that he was the most illiterate of all the presidents.

TO THE REFORMERS.

Whereas, The partisians of the Confederated Industrial Organizations of the United States have been so wise, generous, and philanthropic in their declarations and utterances by leaving an opening for improvements or better systems, and

Whereas, I deem the subtreasury plan, as proposed by the farmer's alliance subject to serious objections and not sufficiently practical nor just to be supportable,—such as inflation, a want of a method to emit and relinquish the issue in such short periods of time, and a system that could be encouraged with equal consistency and propriety by the various manufacturing classes, where they would demand a building of warehouses in a similar manner in which to store their manufactured goods and obtain loans for short times until they could effect the sales of their respective manufactured articles or commodities, and

Whereas, The essential evils now existing under our financial system are special priviliges to the banking aristocracy, whose suppression could be effected through mere legislative means only with the greatest difficulty, owing to the influences of the money power environing congress, and

Whereas, Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of a form to strike an outright death-blow to such privileges now extended to the said banking aristocracy, and of a nature that will give equal rights to all classes, would be most effectual in the end, and the most readily supportable by the thoughtful masses,

Therefore, In lieu of the subtreasury plan as proposed by the farmer's alliance, I will submit for consideration to a candid world the following proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States:

1st. "The standing volume of money of the United States shall be uniform (always the same per capita); whereas there shall not be less than thirty-five dollars per capita, nor greater than an amount to suffice as a medium of exchange for the commodities which are bought and sold together with the stipends exchanged for the various services which are performed. Congress shall determine the volume of money, and at periods of every ten years, consecutively, shall reconstruct its uniformity to the increase of the population by appropriate legislation.

2nd. The money of the United States shall consist of metalic money and paper or fiat money, which shall be legal tender and interchanseable at par value; and (with exception of an auxiliary money herein provided for) shall constitute the only legal money of the United States.

3d. Fiat money shall be issued as a medium of exchange to an extent that money is required for convenience, or to an extent there is a scarcity of appropriate material for metalic money or that the government, in an emergency, can not afford such metalic money. Congress shall determine what amount of fiat money there shall be, and what materials for the metalic money shall be used, and in what proportion and of what weight and quality they shall exist.

4th. The fiat money thus issued shall exist in the nature of legal guarantees or bonds that the bearer is entitled to the nominal value and that as a valid and infalible security the government (the people collectively) pledge the resources, the property, and the fidelity of the nation.

5th. For the proper redemption of said currency, when required, Congress by a two-thirds vote of each house, shall have power to provide for the collection of government revenues and taxes in gold and silver coin or their equivalent."

6th. In view of the promotion of the prosperity and welfare of the poorer classes, and as a factor for prompt money raising, Congress shall have power to issue, in lieu of fiat money, legal tender paper money on valid and substantial security (as lands), for specified periods of time, to such amounts as will make the security to the government sure and unquestionable, and at such rates of interest as shall be sufficient to cover all expenses; which currency shall be received at par in satisfaction of all obligations for the payment of money within the jurisdiction of the United States.

But such money shall be issued under proper regulations, directly to the borrowers and without the intervention of brivate corporations. And, to prevent engrossment of said currency for speculative and selfish purposes, no one person or firm, whatever security he or they may offer, shall obtain above a certain specified amount, such as congress by law may establish.

7th. For the transaction of business and jurisdiction of matters generally as relative to these provisions, a new department shall be created apart from private corporations; which department shall be associated alongside the post-office department in the same post-office buildings."

With Sincerity,
A. P. A. STRAIO.

Massaville Items.

Massaville Jan. 30 1893.

Editor Democrat.

I will send you a few dots to let the readers of your valuable paper know of our thriving town and country. Massaville is situated on the Farmersville and McKinney road four and one half miles east of McKinney. It is composed of three dwellings and one cottou gin. It is located between two streams of water. A substantial bridge on either side, and is on a bed of white rock, so you see there is no necessity for paving the streets.

Mr George Woods, is the proprietor of the gin, in connection with Mr. Albert Massa, who lives in McKinney.

They have put up 526 bales of cotton, which is pretty good for one gin stand.

Mr. George Dugger, and Mr. Neal Anders, both lately married, make up the remainder of Massaville. They have lately moved into their cosy homes.

Mr. George Dugger has just returned from a visit to his relatives.

Well I must say something about the school at Milligan school house. It is situated about three fourths of a mile south of town. The wise men who located the house and grounds for the school, knowing that the noise made by the wagons, drays and trains would keep up such a disturbance that it would be policy to locate the school in the suburbs of town. The school is conducted by Mr. R. F. McLarry, and Miss. Rosa Milligan. It is moving on nicely and quietly. There are between 50 and 60 pupils.

I must tell you that McKinney will have to open up a market for game, as Mr. Jas. Dugger has one trap set, and soon expects to glut the market with rabbits and birds.

I must say before I quit this epistle that the people around Massaville and Milligan are all well to do citizens, and are hospitable an kind, and are all peacable, and are a unit when it comes to running schools and other matters.

GENTLE ANNIE.

Telling the Worst Last.

"Yes, I dabbled in futures once," said the man in the mackintosh reflectively.

"Wheat?" inquired the man who had his feet on the table.

"No. And it wasn't corn, or oats, or barley, or mess pork, or potatoes, or chips or whetstones. It was broom corn. I thought there was money in broom-corn."

"Put much money in it?" asked the man in the shaggy ulster.

"More money than judgment," sighed the man in the mackintosh, gloomily.

"How much did you lose?"

"I lost $50,000 I had hoped to make out of the deal."

"Was that all?"

"All? No. I lost $18,000 I had borrowed from friends.—"

"Have they got it yet?"

"And that wasn't all!" groaned the man in the mackintosh, unheeding the interruption, and wiping his eye with the corner of his handkerchief. "I lost $88.65 of my own money."—Chicago Tribune.

Good Samaritaness: Have you lost yourself, little girl? Little girl (weeping:) N-N-No. I've lost my mother.—Puck.

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We will say to those needing anything in our line that you cannot afford to pass us, we will Save You Money at North East corner of the Public Square.

NALE & DES.

Had No Defense.

Brown: "Got into a bad scrap last evening. My wife found a letter in my pocket from a woman. How she did rave!

Bagley: "From a woman? Brown, you're a sorry dog!

Brown: The woman in this case, however, was Mrs. B. It was a letter she gave me to mail a week ago.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Tom Bachellor: "I wonder if there's any truth in the idea that married men live longer than unmarried?"

Married Host: "It seems longer.—Life.

The Biologist: "Isn't it strange that Russians never have their names engraved on jewelry?"

Jeweler: "Well, considering the length of the average Russian's name, I think it is not remarkable.—The Jewelers' Weekly.

Gladys: "I suppose your brother Henry hasn't done much walking since he bought a bicycle?"

Bernice: "No; he broke his leg the first time he tried to ride it.—Free Lance.

You Should Remember

When writing for publication write only on one side of the paper.

Always give your name whether you want it published or not.

Don't worry about composition or spelling. The editor will correct—possibly make it worse.

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